

# Oracle

## Exam Questions 1z0-808

Java SE 8 Programmer I



**NEW QUESTION 1**

You are asked to create a method that accepts an array of integers and returns the highest value from that array.  
Given the code fragment:

```
class Test{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int numbers[] = {12, 13, 42, 32, 15, 156, 23, 51, 12};
        int[] keys = findMax(numbers);
    }

    /* line n1 */ {
        int[] keys = new int[3];
        /* code goes here*/
        return keys;
    }
}
```

Which method signature do you use at line n1?

- A. public int findMax (int[] numbers)
- B. static int[] findMax (int[] max)
- C. static int findMax (int[] numbers)
- D. final int findMax (int[] )

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 2**

Given the code fragments:

Person.java:

```
public class Person {
    String name;
    int age;

    public Person(String n, int a) {
        name = n;
        age = a;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public int getAge() {
        return age;
    }
}
```

Test.java:

```
public static void checkAge(List<Person> list, Predicate<Person> predicate) {
    for (Person p : list) {
        if (predicate.test(p)) {
            System.out.println(p.name + " ");
        }
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    List<Person> iList = Arrays.asList(new Person("Hank", 45),
                                       new Person("Charlie", 40),
                                       new Person("Smith", 38));

    //line n1
}
```

Which code fragment, when inserted at line n1, enables the code to print Hank?

- A  
`checkAge (iList, ( ) -> p. get Age ( ) > 40);`
- B  
`checkAge(iList, Person p -> p.getAge( ) > 40);`
- C  
`checkAge (iList, p -> p.getAge ( ) > 40);`
- D  
`checkAge(iList, (Person p) -> { p.getAge() > 40; });`

- A. Option A  
B. Option B  
C. Option C  
D. Option D

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION 3

Given:

```
String stuff = "TV";  
String res = null;  
  
if (stuff.equals("TV")) {  
    res = "Walter";  
} else if (stuff.equals("Movie")) {  
    res = "White";  
} else {  
    res = "No Result";  
}
```

Which code fragment can replace the if block?

- A  
`stuff.equals ("TV") ? res= "Walter" : stuff.equals ("Movie") ?  
res = "White" : res = "No Result";`
- B  
`res = stuff.equals ("TV") ? "Walter" else stuff.equals  
("Movie")? "White" : "No Result";`
- C  
`res = stuff.equals ("TV") ? stuff.equals ("Movie")? "Walter" :  
"White" : "No Result";`
- D  
`res = stuff.equals ("TV")? "Walter" : stuff.equals ("Movie")?  
"White" : "No Result";`

- A. Option A  
B. Option B  
C. Option C  
D. Option D

**Answer: D**

### NEW QUESTION 4

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main (String[] args) {  
    String[] arr = {"Hi", "How", "Are", "You"};  
    List<String> arrList = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(arr));  
    if (arrList.removeIf((String s) -> (return s.length() <= 2;))) {  
        System.out.println(s + "removed")'  
    }  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. Hi removed
- C. An UnsupportedOperationException is thrown at runtime.
- D. The program compiles, but it prints nothing.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

Given this code for a Planet object:

```
public class Planet {  
    public String name;  
    public int moons;  
  
    public Planet(String name, int moons) {  
        this.name = name;  
        this.moons = moons;  
    }  
}
```

And this method:

```
public static void main(String[] args){  
    Planet[] planets = {  
        new Planet("Mercury", 0),  
        new Planet("Venus", 0),  
        new Planet("Earth", 1),  
        new Planet("Mars", 2)  
    };  
  
    System.out.println(planets);  
    System.out.println(planets[2].name);  
    System.out.println(planets[2].moons);  
}
```

What is the output?

A

```
planets
Earth
1
```

B

```
[LPlanets.Planet;@15db9742
Earth
1
```

C

```
[LPlanets.Planet;@15db9742
Planets.Planet@6d06d69c
1
```

D

```
[LPlanets.Planet;@15db9742
Planets.Planet@6d06d69c
[LPlanets.Moon;@7852e922
```

E

```
[LPlanets.Planet;@15db9742
Venus
0
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D
- E. Option E

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

Given:

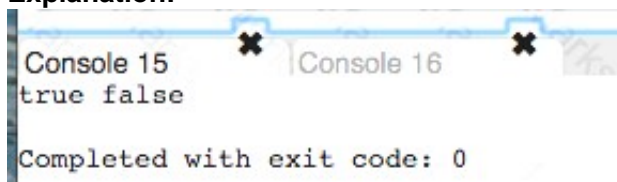
```
public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Test ts = new Test();
        System.out.print(isAvailable + " ");
        isAvailable= ts.doStuff();
        System.out.println(isAvailable);
    }
    public static boolean doStuff() {
        return !isAvailable;
    }
    static boolean isAvailable = true;
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails.
- B. false true
- C. true false
- D. true true
- E. false false

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**



```
Console 15      X Console 16      X
true false
false
Completed with exit code: 0
```

#### NEW QUESTION 7

Given the code fragment:



```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int ii = 0;
    int jj = 7;
    for (ii = 0; ii < jj - 1; ii = ii + 2) {
        System.out.print(ii + " ");
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 2 4
- B. 0 2 4 6
- C. 0 2 4
- D. Compilation fails

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 8

Given:

```
public class App {
    int count;
    public static void displayMsg() {
        System.out.println("Welcome Visit Count: " + count++);    // line n1
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        App.displayMsg();
        displayMsg();                                              // line n2
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Welcome Visit Count:0Welcome Visit Count: 1
- B. Compilation fails at line n2.
- C. Compilation fails at line n1.
- D. Welcome Visit Count:0Welcome Visit Count: 0

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**



```
1
2 public class App {
3     int count;
4     public static void displayMsg() {
5         System.out.println("Welcome Visit Count: " + count ++); //line n1
6     }
7     public static void main(String[] args) {
8         App.displayMsg();
9         displayMsg();
10    }
11 }
12
```

#### NEW QUESTION 9

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    LocalDate date = LocalDate.of(2012, 1, 30);
    date.plusDays(10);
    System.out.println(date);
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 2012-02-10 00:00
- B. 2012-01-30
- C. 2012-02-10
- D. A DateTimeException is thrown at runtime.

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

```

Main.java  saved
1  import java.time.LocalDate;
2  import java.time.Month;
3
4  public class Main {
5      public static void main(String[] args) {
6          LocalDate date = LocalDate.of(2012, 1, 30);
7          date.plusDays(10);
8          System.out.println(date);
9      }
10 }
```

```

java version "1.8.0_31"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_31-b13)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.31-b07, mixed mode)
> javac -classpath ./run_dir/junit-4.12.jar:./run_dir/hamcrest-core-1.3.jar:./run_dir/json-simple-1.1.1.jar -d . Main.java
> java -classpath ./run_dir/junit-4.12.jar:./run_dir/hamcrest-core-1.3.jar:./run_dir/json-simple-1.1.1.jar Main
2012-01-30
```

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Given:

```

public class Fieldinit {
    char c;
    boolean b;
    float f;
    void printAll() {
        System.out.println ("c = " + c);
        System.out.println ("b = " + b);
        System.out.println ("f = " + f);
    }
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        FieldInit f = new FieldInit ();
        f.printAll ();
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A**
- ```

c=
b = false
f = 0.0
```
- B**
- ```

c= null
b = true
f = 0.0
```
- C**
- ```

c=0
b = false
f = 0.0f
```
- D**
- ```

c= null
b = false
f = 0.0F
```

- A. Option A  
 B. Option B  
 C. Option C  
 D. Option D

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Given:

```
public class Test {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        boolean a = new Boolean(Boolean.valueOf(args[0]));  
        boolean b = new Boolean(args[1]);  
        System.out.println(a + " " + b);  
    }  
}
```

And given the commands:

```
javac Test.java  
java Test 1 null
```

What is the result?

- A. 1 null
- B. true false
- C. false false
- D. true true
- E. A ClassCastException is thrown at runtime.

**Answer: D****NEW QUESTION 13**

Given:

```
interface Readable {  
    public void readBook();  
    public void setBookMark();  
}  
  
abstract class Book implements Readable {    // line n1  
    public void readBook() { }  
    // line n2  
}  
  
class EBook extends Book {                    // line n3  
    public void readBook() { }  
    // line n4  
}
```

And given the code fragment: `Book book1 = new EBook(); book1.readBook();`

Which option enables the code to compile?

- ☐ A) Replace the code fragment at line n1 with:  
`class Book implements Readable {`
- ☐ B) At line n2 insert:  
`public abstract void setBookMark();`
- ☐ C) Replace the code fragment at line n3 with:  
`abstract class EBook extends Book {`
- ☐ D) At line n4 insert:  
`public void setBookMark() { }`

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

**Answer: D****NEW QUESTION 18**

Given:



```
class Product {
    double price;
}

public class Test {
    public void updatePrice(Product product, double price) {
        price = price * 2;
        product.price = product.price + price;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Product prt = new Product();
        prt.price = 200;
        double newPrice = 100;

        Test t = new Test();
        t.updatePrice(prt, newPrice);
        System.out.println(prt.price + " : " + newPrice);
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 200.0 : 100.0
- B. 400.0 : 200.0
- C. 400.0 : 100.0
- D. Compilation fails.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 19

Given:

```
class X {
    static int i;
    int j;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        X x1 = new X();
        X x2 = new X();
        x1.i = 3;
        x1.j = 4;
        x2.i = 5;
        x2.j = 6;
        System.out.println(
            x1.i + " " +
            x1.j + " " +
            x2.i + " " +
            x2.j);
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 3 4 5 6
- B. 3 4 3 6
- C. 5 4 5 6
- D. 3 6 4 6

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 22

Given the code fragment:

```
LocalDateTime dt = LocalDateTime.of(2014, 7, 31, 1, 1);
dt.plusDays(30);
dt.plusMonths(1);
System.out.println(dt.format(DateTimeFormatter.ISO_DATE_TIME));
```

What is the result?

- A. An exception is thrown at runtime
- B. 2014-07-31T01:01:00
- C. 2014-07-31
- D. 2014-09-30T00:00:00

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 23**

Given the code fragment:

```
7.  StringBuilder sb1 = new StringBuilder("Duke");
8.  String str1 = sb1.toString();
9.  // insert code here
10. System.out.print(str1 == str2);
```

Which code fragment, when inserted at line 9, enables the code to print true?

- A. String str2 = str1;
- B. String str2 = new String(str1);
- C. String str2 = sb1.toString();
- D. String str2 = "Duke";

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 25**

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    LocalDate date = LocalDate.of(2012, 1, 30);
    date.plusDays(10);
    System.out.println(date);
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 2012-02-10
- B. 2012-01-30
- C. 2012-02-10 00:00
- D. A DateTimeException is thrown at runtime.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 30**

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    String myStr = "Hello World ";
    myStr.trim();
    int i1 = myStr.indexOf(" ");
    System.out.println(i1);
}
```

What is the result?

- A. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- B. -1
- C. 5
- D. 10

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 31**

What is the name of the Java concept that uses access modifiers to protect variables and hide them within a class?

- A. Encapsulation
- B. Inheritance
- C. Abstraction
- D. Instantiation
- E. Polymorphism

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Using the private modifier is the main way that an object encapsulates itself and hide data from the outside world.

**NEW QUESTION 34**

Given the code fragment:

```
int wd = 0;
String days[] = {"sun", "mon", "wed", "sat"};
for (String s:days) {
    switch (s) {
        case "sat":
        case "sun":
            wd -= 1;
            break;
        case "mon":
            wd++;
        case "wed":
            wd += 2;
    }
}
System.out.println(wd);
```

What is the result?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. -1
- D. Compilation fails.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 35

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder("Java");
    String s = "Java";

    if (sb.toString().equals(s.toString())) {
        System.out.println("Match 1");
    } else if (sb.equals(s)) {
        System.out.println("Match 2");
    } else {
        System.out.println("No Match");
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. Match 1
- B. Match 2
- C. No Match
- D. A NullPointerException is thrown at runtime.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 36

Given:

```
class Caller {
    private void init () {
        System.out.println("Initialized");
    }

    private void start () {
        init();
        System.out.println("Started");
    }
}

public class TestCall {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Caller c = new Caller();
        c.start();
        c.init();
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A. An exception is thrown at runtime.

- B. InitializedStartedInitialized
- C. InitializedStarted
- D. Compilation fails.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 39

Given the code fragment:

```
3. public static void main(String[] args) {
4.     int x = 6;
5.     while (isAvailable(x)) {
6.         System.out.print(x);
7.
8.     }
9. }
10.
11. public static boolean isAvailable(int x) {
12.     return --x > 0 ? true : false;
13. }
```

Which modification enables the code to print 54321?

- A. Replace line 6 with System.out.print (--x);
- B. At line 7, insert x --;
- C. Replace line 5 with while (is Available(--x)) {
- D. Replace line 12 with return (x > 0) ? false : true;

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 40

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Error class is unextendable.
- B. Error class is extendable.
- C. Error is a RuntimeException.
- D. Error is an Exception.
- E. Error is a Throwable.

**Answer:** BC

#### NEW QUESTION 43

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[][] arr = new int [2] [4];
    arr[0] = new int []{1, 3, 5, 7};
    arr[1] = new int []{1, 3};
    for (int[] a : arr) {
        for (int i : a) {
            System.out.print(i+ " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

What is the result?



- A Compilation fails.
- B
  - 1 3
  - 1 3
- C
  - 1 3
  - followed by an ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException
- D
  - 1 3
  - 1 3 0 0
- E
  - 1 3 5 7
  - 1 3

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D
- E. Option E

Answer: E

Explanation:

1234567891011121314

Your Code ...

```
1- public class MyClass {
2-     public static void main (String [] args) {
3-         int [][] arr =new int [2] [4];
4-         arr[0] = new int [] {1, 3, 5, 7};
5-         arr[1] = new int [] {1, 3};
6-         for (int [] a : arr) {
7-             for (int i : a) {
8-                 System.out.print(i+ " ");
9-             }
10-            System.out.println ();
11-        }
12-    }
13- }
14- }
```

External Libraries ...

Add External Library (from Maven Repo)

CommandLine Arguments ...

Interactive mode :

☐ OFF

Version:

JDK 9.0.1

Stdin Inputs...

Execute

Save

My Projects

Recent

Collaborate

More Options

Result...

CPU Time: 0.13 sec(s), Memory: 30680 kilobyte(s) compiled and executed in 0.705 sec(s)

```
1 3 5 7
1 3
```

NEW QUESTION 48  
Given:

```
public class App {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int i = 10;  
        int j = 20;  
        int k =(j += i)/ 5;  
        System.out.print(i + " : " + j + " : " + k);  
    }  
}
```

What is the result?

- A. 10 : 30 : 6
- B. 10 : 22 : 22
- C. 10 : 22 : 20
- D. 10 : 22 : 6

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 49**

.....

## Thank You for Trying Our Product

### We offer two products:

1st - We have Practice Tests Software with Actual Exam Questions

2nd - Questions and Answers in PDF Format

### 1z0-808 Practice Exam Features:

- \* 1z0-808 Questions and Answers Updated Frequently
- \* 1z0-808 Practice Questions Verified by Expert Senior Certified Staff
- \* 1z0-808 Most Realistic Questions that Guarantee you a Pass on Your FirstTry
- \* 1z0-808 Practice Test Questions in Multiple Choice Formats and Updatesfor 1 Year

**100% Actual & Verified — Instant Download, Please Click**  
**[Order The 1z0-808 Practice Test Here](#)**