

101-500 Dumps

LPIC-1 Exam 101 - Part 1 of 2 - version 5.0

<https://www.certleader.com/101-500-dumps.html>



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which command will display messages from the kernel that were output during the normal boot sequence? dmesg, /bin/dmesg

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

The system is having trouble and the engineer wants to bypass the usual /sbin/init start up and run /bin/sh. What is the usual way to pass this change to the kernel from your boot loader?

- A. Start in runlevel 1.
- B. Pass init=/bin/sh on the kernel parameter line.
- C. Pass /bin/sh on the kernel parameter line.
- D. Pass start=/bin/sh on the kernel parameter line.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which command displays the contents of the Kernel Ring Buffer on the command line? (Provide only the command name without any options or path information)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

dmesg, /bin/dmesg

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 1)

You suspect that a new ethernet card might be conflicting with another device. Which file should you check within the /proc tree to learn which IRQs are being used by which kernel drivers?

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

interrupts, /proc/interrupts

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following commands lists the dependencies of a given dpkg package?

- A. apt-cache depends-onpackage
- B. apt-cache dependencies package
- C. apt-cache depends package
- D. apt-cache requires package

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which Debian package management tool asks the configuration questions for a specific already installed package just as if the package were being installed for the first time? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

dpkg-reconfigure

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following is correct when talking about mount points?

- A. Every existing directory can be used as a mount point.
- B. Only empty directories can be used as a mount point.
- C. Directories need to have the SetUID flag set to be used as a mount point.
- D. Files within a directory are deleted when the directory is used as a mount point.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which option to the yum command will update the entire system? (Specify ONLY the option name without any additional parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

update, upgrade

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 2)

After modifying GNU GRUB's configuration file, which command must be run for the changes to take effect?

- A. kill -HUP \$(pidof grub)
- B. grub-install
- C. grub
- D. No action is required

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following commands lists all currently installed packages when using RPM package management?

- A. yum --query --all
- B. yum --list --installed
- C. rpm --query --all
- D. rpm --list --installed

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following commands is used to update the list of available packages when using dpkg based package management?

- A. apt-get update
- B. apt-get upgrade
- C. apt-cache update
- D. apt-get refresh
- E. apt-cache upgrade

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 11

- (Exam Topic 2)

An administrator has issued the following command: grub-install --root-directory=/custom-grub /dev/sda

In which directory will new configuration files be found? (Provide the full directory path only without the filename)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/custom-grub/boot/grub/, /custom-grub/boot/grub

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which function key is used to start Safe Mode in Windows NT?

- A. F10
- B. F8
- C. F6
- D. Windows NT does not support Safe Mode

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Exam Topic 2)

Typically, which top level system directory is used for files and data that change regularly while the system is running and are to be kept between reboots? (Specify only the top level directory)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/var, /var/, var, var/

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following commands can be used to perform a full text search on all available packages on a Debian system?

- A. apt
- B. apt-cache
- C. apt-get
- D. apt-search
- E. dpkg

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 23

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of the following commands updates the linker cache of shared libraries?

- A. mkcache
- B. soconfig
- C. mkldconfig
- D. lddconfig
- E. ldconfig

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 27

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands will reduce all consecutive spaces down to a single space?

- A. tr 's' ' ' < a.txt > b.txt
- B. tr -c ' ' < a.txt > b.txt
- C. tr -d ' ' < a.txt > b.txt
- D. tr -r ' '\n' < a.txt > b.txt
- E. tr -s ' ' < a.txt > b.txt

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands can be used to determine how long the system has been running? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. uptime
- B. up
- C. top
- D. uname -u
- E. time -up

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands will print the last 10 lines of a text file to the standard output?

- A. cat -n 10 filename
- B. dump -n 10 filename
- C. head -n 10 filename
- D. tail -n 10 filename

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 37

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the difference between the i and a commands of the vi editor?

- A. i (interactive) requires the user to explicitly switch between vi modes whereas a (automatic) switches modes automatically.
- B. i (insert) inserts text before the current cursor position whereas a (append) inserts text after the cursor.
- C. i (independent rows) starts every new line at the first character whereas a (aligned rows) keeps the indentation of the previous line.
- D. i (interrupt) temporarily suspends editing of a file to the background whereas a (abort) terminates editing.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which grep command will print only the lines that do not end with a / in the file foo?

- A. grep '\$' foo
- B. grep '#' foo
- C. grep -v '\$' foo
- D. grep -v '#' foo

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 40

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following files, located in the user home directory, is used to store the Bash history?

- A. .bash_history
- B. .bash_histfile
- C. .history
- D. .bashrc_history
- E. .history_bash

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands moves and resumes in the background the last stopped shell job?

- A. run
- B. bg
- C. fg
- D. back

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 3)

In a nested directory structure, which find command line option would be used to restrict the command to searching down a particular number of subdirectories?

- A. -dirmax
- B. -maxdepth
- C. -maxlevels
- D. -n
- E. -s

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands prints a list of usernames (first column) and their primary group (fourth column) from the /etc/passwd file?

- A. fmt -f 1,4 /etc/passwd
- B. split -c 1,4 /etc/passwd
- C. cut -d : -f 1,4 /etc/passwd
- D. paste -f 1,4 /etc/passwd

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 51

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands prints all files and directories within the /tmp directory or its subdirectories which are also owned by the user root? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. find /tmp -uid root -print
- B. find -path /tmp -uid root
- C. find /tmp -user root -print
- D. find /tmp -user root
- E. find -path /tmp -user root -print

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 3)

In the vi editor, how can commands such as moving the cursor or copying lines into the buffer be issued multiple times or applied to multiple rows?

- A. By using the command :repeat followed by the number and the command.
- B. By specifying the number right in front of a command such as 4l or 2yj.
- C. By selecting all affected lines using the shift and cursor keys before applying the command.
- D. By issuing a command such as :set repetition=4 which repeats every subsequent command 4 times.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which command displays a list of all background tasks running in the current shell? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

jobs

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of the Bash built-in export command?

- A. It allows disks to be mounted remotely.
- B. It runs a command as a process in a subshell.
- C. It makes the command history available to subshells.
- D. It sets up environment variables for applications.
- E. It shares NFS partitions for use by other systems on the network.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following characters can be combined with a separator string in order to read from the current input source until the separator string, which is on a separate line and without any trailing spaces, is reached?

- A. <<
- B. <|
- C. !<
- D. &<

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 65

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following sequences in the vi editor saves the opened document and exits the editor? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. esc ZZ
- B. ctrl :w!
- C. esc zz
- D. esc :wq!
- E. ctrl XX

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 67

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following commands can be used to create a USB storage media from a disk image?

- A. gdisk
- B. dd
- C. cc
- D. fdisk
- E. mount

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 3)

From a Bash shell, which of the following commands directly executes the instruction from the file /usr/local/bin/runme.sh without starting a subshell? (Please select TWO answers.)

- A. source /usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- B. ./usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- C. /bin/bash /usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- D. /usr/local/bin/runme.sh
- E. run /usr/local/bin/runme.sh

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following shell redirections will write standard output and standard error output to a file named filename?

- A. 2>&1 >filename
- B. >filename 2>&1
- C. 1>&2>filename
- D. >>filename
- E. 1&2>filename

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 77

- (Exam Topic 3)

Immediately after deleting 3 lines of text in vi and moving the cursor to a different line, which single character command will insert the deleted content below the current line?

- A. i (lowercase)
- B. P (uppercase)
- C. p (lowercase)
- D. U (uppercase)
- E. u (lowercase)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 3)

When starting a program with the nice command without any additional parameters, which nice level is set for the resulting process?

- A. -10
- B. 10
- C. 20

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 79

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which signal is missing from the following command that is commonly used to instruct a daemon to reinitialize itself, including reading configuration files?

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

killall -s _____ daemon
HUP, SIGHUP, 1

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which character, added to the end of a command, runs that command in the background as a child process of the current shell?

- A. !
- B. +
- C. &
- D. %
- E. #

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 84

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which umask value will result in the default access permissions of 600 (rw-----) for files and 700 (rwx-----) for directories? (Specify only the numerical umask value.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer:

A

Explanation:

0077, 077

NEW QUESTION 87

- (Exam Topic 4)

Following the Filesystem Hierarchy Standard (FHS), where should binaries that have been compiled by the system administrator be placed in order to be made available to all users on the system?

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/usr/local/bin/

NEW QUESTION 91

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands will produce the following output?

USER	PID	%CPU	%MEM	VSZ	RSS	TTY	STAT	START	TIME	COMMAND
root	1255	4.4	0.9	60716	34824	tty7	Ss+	09:25	19:04	/usr/bin/X :0 -
root	2016	0.0	0.0	1792	560	tty1	Ss+	09:26	0:00	/sbin/getty -8
matt	5204	0.0	0.1	6320	3696	pts/4	Ss	13:12	0:00	bash
matt	5219	0.0	0.0	3988	1624	pts/4	S+	13:12	0:00	man bash
matt	5229	0.0	0.0	3584	932	pts/4	S+	13:12	0:00	pager -s
matt	6768	0.0	0.1	10504	3880	pts/2	S+	15:11	0:00	vi README.txt

- A. jobs
- B. proclist
- C. netstat
- D. ps

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands is used to modify quota settings? (Choose two.)

- A. editquota
- B. setquota
- C. edquota
- D. quotaedit
- E. quotaset

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 97

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands will change all CR-LF pairs in an imported text file, userlist.txt, to Linux standard LF characters and store it as newlist.txt?

- A. tr '\r\n' " < userlist.txt > newlist.txt
- B. tr -c '\n\r' " < newlist.txt > userlist.txt
- C. tr -d '\r' < userlist.txt > newlist.txt
- D. tr '\r' '\n' userlist.txt newlist.txt
- E. tr -s '^M' '^J' userlist.txt newlist.txt

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 101

- (Exam Topic 4)

What does the command mount -a do?

- A. It mounts all available filesystems onto the current directory.
- B. It shows all mounted filesystems.
- C. It mounts all user mountable filesystems for the current user.
- D. It mounts all filesystems listed in /etc/fstab which have the option auto set.
- E. It mounts all filesystems listed in /etc/fstab which have the option noauto set.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which command is used to create and initialize the files used to store quota information? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
quotacheck

NEW QUESTION 107

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following settings for umask ensures that new files have the default permissions -rw-r----- ?

- A. 0017
- B. 0640
- C. 0038
- D. 0027

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 4)

What do the permissions -rwsr-xr-x mean for a binary file when it is executed as a command?

- A. The command is SetUID and it will be executed with the effective rights of the owner.
- B. The command will be executed with the effective rights of the group instead of the owner.
- C. The execute flag is not set for the owner.
- D. Therefore the SetUID flag is ignored.
- E. The command will be executed with the effective rights of the owner and group.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 4)

In Bash, inserting 2>&1 after a command redirects:

- A. standard error to standard input.
- B. standard input to standard error.
- C. standard output to standard error.
- D. standard error to standard output.
- E. standard output to standard input.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 116

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands set the sticky bit for the directory /tmp? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. chmod +s /tmp
- B. chmod +t /tmp
- C. chmod 1775 /tmp
- D. chmod 4775 /tmp
- E. chmod 2775 /tmp

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 120

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands prints a list of available package updates when using RPM-based package management?

- A. dpkg list
- B. yum list
- C. dpkg check-update
- D. yum check-update
- E. yum list-update

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 125

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following Linux filesystems preallocates a fixed number of inodes at the filesystem's make/creation time and does NOT generate them as needed? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. ext3
- B. JFS
- C. ext2

- D. XFS
- E. procfs

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which command creates a swap space on a block device or a file? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

mkswap

NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following options must be passed to a filesystem's entry in /etc/fstab in order to mount the file system without root privileges?

- A. auto
- B. norestrict
- C. noauto
- D. user

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 131

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands will print important system information such as the kernel version and machine hardware architecture?

- A. sysinfo
- B. uname
- C. lspci
- D. arch
- E. info

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 4)

How many fields are in a syntactically correct line of /etc/fstab?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 6
- E. 7

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands will change the quota for a specific user?

- A. edquota
- B. repquota
- C. quota -e
- D. quota

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 139

- (Exam Topic 4)

Creating a hard link to an ordinary file returns an error. What could be the reason for this?

- A. The source file is hidden.
- B. The source file is read-only.
- C. The source file is a shell script.
- D. The source file is already a hard link.
- E. The source and the target are on different filesystems.

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 141

- (Exam Topic 4)

Where does the BIOS search for a bootloader?

- A. On all connected storage media regardless of the boot device order.
- B. On all connected storage media in the defined boot device order.
- C. Only on hard disk drives in the defined boot device order.
- D. Only on the last added storage media.
- E. The BIOS is not responsible to search for a valid bootloader.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 145

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the process ID number of the init process on a SysV init based system?

- A. -1
- B. 1
- C. It is different with each reboot.
- D. It is set to the current run level.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 149

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which permissions and ownership should the file /etc/passwd have?

- A. -rw-----1 rootroot531 Jun 5 22:45 /etc/passwd
- B. -rw-r--r--1 rootroot531 Jun 5 22:45 /etc/passwd
- C. -rw-r--r--1 11531 Jun 5 22:45 /etc/passwd
- D. -rw-----1 11531 Jun 5 22:45 /etc/passwd

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following describes the correct order in which the components of the system boot process are started?

- A. BIOS, kernel, bootloader, init system
- B. BIOS, bootloader, kernel, init system
- C. Bootloader, BIOS, kernel, init system
- D. BIOS, bootloader, init system, kernel
- E. Bootloader, BIOS, init system, kernel

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 151

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following shell commands makes the already defined variable TEST visible to new child processes? (Choose two.)

- A. visible TEST
- B. declare +x TEST
- C. declare -x TEST
- D. export TEST
- E. export -v TEST

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 153

- (Exam Topic 4)

The system configuration file named _____ is commonly used to set the default runlevel. (Please provide the file name with full path information)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/etc/inittab

NEW QUESTION 158

- (Exam Topic 4)

What does the command grub-install /dev/sda do?

- A. GRUB creates partitions on the device/dev/sdato be used with Linux.

- B. GRUB sets the default BIOS boot device to /dev/sda.
- C. GRUB installs all required files and configures the boot loader on device /dev/sda.
- D. GRUB recompiles the Linux Kernel and installs it on the Master Boot Record of device /dev/sda.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 161

- (Exam Topic 4)

Instead of supplying an explicit device in /etc/fstab for mounting, what other options may be used to identify the intended partition? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. FIND
- B. ID
- C. LABEL
- D. NAME
- E. UUID

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 165

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following pieces of information of an existing file is changed when a hard link pointing to that file is created?

- A. File size
- B. Modify timestamp
- C. Link count
- D. Inode number
- E. Permissions

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 167

- (Exam Topic 4)

How is a symbolic link called bar.conf pointing to foo.conf created?

- A. `ln -s foo.conf bar.conf`
- B. `ln foo.conf bar.conf`
- C. `ln -s bar.conf foo.conf`
- D. `ln bar.conf foo.conf`

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 170

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following is true for hard linked files? (Choose three.)

- A. The output of `stat` will report hard instead of regular file.
- B. The hard linked files have the same permissions and owner.
- C. The hard linked files share the same inode.
- D. The hard linked files are indicated by a `->` when listed with `ls -l`.
- E. The hard linked files must be on the same filesystem.

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 174

- (Exam Topic 4)

What does the command `mount -a` do?

- A. It ensures that all file systems listed with the option `noauto` in /etc/fstab are mounted.
- B. It shows all mounted file systems that have been automatically mounted.
- C. It opens an editor with root privileges and loads /etc/fstab for editing.
- D. It ensures that all file systems listed with the option `auto` in /etc/fstab are mounted.
- E. It ensures that all file systems listed in /etc/fstab are mounted regardless of their options.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following are filesystems which can be used on Linux root partitions? (Choose two.)

- A. NTFS
- B. ext3
- C. XFS
- D. VFAT
- E. swap

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 180

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands print the current working directory when using a Bash shell? (Choose two.)

- A. echo "\${PWD}"
- B. echo "\${WD}"
- C. pwd
- D. printwd
- E. echo "\${pwd}"

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 181

- (Exam Topic 4)

Pressing the Ctrl-C combination on the keyboard while a command is executing in the foreground sends which of the following signal codes?

- A. 1(SIGHUP)
- B. 2(SIGINT)
- C. 3(SIGQUIT)
- D. 9(SIGKILL)
- E. 15(SIGTERM)

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 184

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following apt-get commands will install the newest versions of all currently installed packages?

- A. auto-update
- B. full-upgrade
- C. dist-upgrade
- D. install
- E. update

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 187

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which command shows all shared libraries required by a binary executable or another shared library? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

ldd

NEW QUESTION 190

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which command will uninstall a package but leave its configuration files in case the package is re-installed?

- A. dpkg -s pkgname
- B. dpkg -L pkgname
- C. dpkg -P pkgname
- D. dpkg -r pkgname

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 191

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands are common Linux commands for file management? (Choose three correct answers.)

- A. copy
- B. mv
- C. move
- D. cp
- E. mkdir

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 192

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands creates an ext3 filesystem on /dev/sdb1? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. /sbin/mke2fs -j /dev/sdb1
- B. /sbin/mkfs -t ext3 /dev/sdb1
- C. /sbin/mkfs -c ext3 /dev/sdb1
- D. /sbin/mke3fs -j /dev/sdb1

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 195

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following commands can be used to search for the executable file foo when it has been placed in a directory not included in \$PATH?

- A. apropos
- B. which
- C. find
- D. query
- E. whereis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 196

- (Exam Topic 5)

Consider the following directory:

drwxrwxr-x 2 root sales 4096 Jan 1 15:21 sales

Which command ensures new files created within the directory sales are owned by the group sales? (Choose two.)

- A. chmod g+s sales
- B. setpol -R newgroup=sales sales
- C. chgrp -p sales sales
- D. chown --persistent *.sales sales
- E. chmod 2775 sales

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 200

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following commands displays the path to the executable file that would be executed when the command foo is invoked?

- A. lsattr foo
- B. apropos foo
- C. locate foo
- D. whatis foo
- E. which foo

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 202

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is true regarding UEFI firmware? (Choose two.)

- A. It can read and interpret partition tables
- B. It can use and read certain file systems
- C. It stores its entire configuration on the /boot/ partition
- D. It is stored in a special area within the GPT metadata
- E. It is loaded from a fixed boot disk position

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 207

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following directories on a 64 bit Linux system typically contain shared libraries? (Choose two.)

- A. ~/.lib64/
- B. /usr/lib64/
- C. /var/lib64/
- D. /lib64/
- E. /opt/lib64/

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 212

- (Exam Topic 5)

A faulty kernel module is causing issues with a network interface card. Which of the following actions ensures that this module is not loaded automatically when the system boots?

- A. Using lsmod --remove --autoclean without specifying the name of a specific module
- B. Using modinfo -k followed by the name of the offending module
- C. Using modprobe -r followed by the name of the offending module

- D. Adding a blacklist line including the name of the offending module to the file/etc/modprobe.d/blacklist.conf
- E. Deleting the kernel module's directory from the file system and recompiling the kernel, including its modules

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 214

- (Exam Topic 5)

When redirecting the output of find to the xargs command, what option to find is useful if the filenames contain spaces?

- A. -rep-space
- B. -prnlnul
- C. -nospace
- D. -ignore-space
- E. -print0

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 217

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which is the default percentage of reserved space for the root user on new ext4 filesystems?

- A. 10%
- B. 3%
- C. 15%
- D. 0%
- E. 5%

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Exam Topic 5)

What output will be displayed when the user fred executes the following command? echo 'fred \$USER'

- A. fred fred
- B. fred /home/fred/
- C. 'fred \$USER'
- D. fred \$USER
- E. 'fred fred'

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 223

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following commands list all files and directories within the /tmp/ directory and its subdirectories which are owned by the user root? (Choose two.)

- A. find /tmp -user root -print
- B. find -path /tmp -uid root
- C. find /tmp -uid root -print
- D. find /tmp -user root
- E. find -path /tmp -user root -print

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which of the following vi commands deletes two lines, the current and the following line?

- A. d2
- B. 2d
- C. 2dd
- D. dd2
- E. de12

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 225

- (Exam Topic 5) Given the following input stream:

txt1.txt
atxt.txt
txtB.txt

Which of the following regular expressions turns this input stream into the following output stream? txt1.bak.txt

atxt.bak.txt
txtB.bak.txt

- A. s/^.txt/.bak/
- B. s/txt/bak.txt/
- C. s/txt\$/bak.txt/

- D. s/^txt\$/.bak^/
- E. s/[.txt]/.bak\$1/

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 229

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is true regarding the command

ls > files

if files does not exist?

- A. The output of ls is printed to the terminal
- B. files is created and contains the output of ls
- C. An error message is shown and ls is not executed
- D. The command files is executed and receives the output of ls
- E. Any output of ls is discarded

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 231

Which Bash environment variable defines in which file the user history is stored when exiting a Bash process? (Specify ONLY the variable name.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

HISTFILE

NEW QUESTION 233

.....

Thank You for Trying Our Product

* 100% Pass or Money Back

All our products come with a 90-day Money Back Guarantee.

* One year free update

You can enjoy free update one year. 24x7 online support.

* Trusted by Millions

We currently serve more than 30,000,000 customers.

* Shop Securely

All transactions are protected by VeriSign!

100% Pass Your 101-500 Exam with Our Prep Materials Via below:

<https://www.certleader.com/101-500-dumps.html>