

Cisco

Exam Questions 300-730

Implementing Secure Solutions with Virtual Private Networks (SVPN)



NEW QUESTION 1

Which method dynamically installs the network routes for remote tunnel endpoints?

- A. policy-based routing
- B. CEF
- C. reverse route injection
- D. route filtering

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_vpnnav/configuration/12-4t/sec-vpn-availability-12-4t-book/sec-rev-rte-inject.html

NEW QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibit.

```

aaa new-model
!
aaa authorization network local-group-author-list local
!
crypto pki trustpoint trustpoint1
  enrollment url http://192.168.3.1:80
  revocation-check crl
!
crypto pki certificate map certmap1 1
  subject-name co cisco
!
crypto ikev2 authorization policy author-policy1
  ipv6 pool v6-pool
  ipv6 dns 2001:DB8:1::11 2001:DB8:1::12
  ipv6 subnet-acl v6-acl
!
crypto ikev2 profile ikev2-profile1
  match certificate certmap1
  authentication local rsa-sig
  authentication remote rsa-sig
  pki trustpoint trustpoint1
  aaa authorization group cert list local-group-author-list
  author-policy1
  virtual-template 1
!
crypto ipsec transform-set transform1 esp-aes esp-sha-hmac
!
crypto ipsec profile ipsec-profile1
  set transform-set trans transform1
  set ikev2-profile ikev2-profile1
!
interface Ethernet0/0
  ipv6 address 2001:DB8:1::1/32
!
interface Virtual-Templat1 type tunnel
  ipv6 unnumbered Ethernet0/0
  tunnel mode ipsec ipv6
  tunnel protection ipsec profile ipsec-profile1
!
ipv6 local pool v6-pool 2001:DB8:1::10/32 48
!
ipv6 access-list v6-acl
  permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:1::20 any
  permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:1::30 any

```

What is configured as a result of this command set?

- A. FlexVPN client profile for IPv6
- B. FlexVPN server to authorize groups by using an IPv6 external AAA
- C. FlexVPN server for an IPv6 dVTI session
- D. FlexVPN server to authenticate IPv6 peers by using EAP

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_ike2vpn/configuration/xs-3s/sec-flex-vpn-xe-3s-book/sec-cfg-flex-clnt.html

NEW QUESTION 3

Which two types of web resources or protocols are enabled by default on the Cisco ASA Clientless SSL VPN portal? (Choose two.)

- A. HTTP
- B. ICA (Citrix)
- C. VNC
- D. RDP
- E. CIFS

Answer: DE

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa94/config-guides/cli/vpn/asa-94-vpn-config/webvpn-configure-gateway.html>

NEW QUESTION 4

Under which section must a bookmark or URL list be configured on a Cisco ASA to be available for clientless SSLVPN users?

- A. tunnel-group (general-attributes)
- B. tunnel-group (webvpn-attributes)
- C. webvpn (group-policy)
- D. webvpn (global configuration)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 5

Refer to the exhibit.



The customer must launch Cisco AnyConnect in the RDP machine. Which IOS configuration accomplishes this task?

- A. `crypto vpn anyconnect profile Profile 1 flash:RDP.xml`
`webvpn context Context1`
`svc platform win seq 1`
`policy group PolicyGroup1`
`functions svc-enabled`
- B. `crypto vpn anyconnect profile Profile 1 flash:RDP.xml`
`webvpn context Context1`
`browser-attribute import flash:RDP.xml`
- C. `crypto vpn anyconnect profile Profile 1 flash:RDP.xml`
`webvpn context Context1`
`policy group PolicyGroup1`
`svc profile Profile1`
- D. `crypto vpn anyconnect profile Profile 1 flash:RDP.xml`
`webvpn context Context1`
`policy group PolicyGroup1`
`svc module RDP`

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://community.cisco.com/t5/vpn/starting-anyconnect-vpn-through-rdp-session-on-cisco-891/td-p/2128284>

NEW QUESTION 6

Refer to the exhibit.

```

group-policy DfltGrpPolicy internal
group-policy DfltGrpPolicy attributes
  banner none
  dns-server value 10.10.10.10
  vpn-tunnel-protocol ssl-clientless
  default-domain value cisco.com
  address-pools value ACPool

group-policy Admin_Group internal
group-policy Admin_Group attributes
  vpn-simultaneous-logins 10
  vpn-tunnel-protocol ikev2 ssl-clientless
  split-tunnel-policy tunnelall

tunnel-group Admins type remote-access
tunnel-group Admins general-attributes
  default-group-policy Admin_Group
tunnel-group Admins webvpn-attributes
  group-alias Admins enable

tunnel-group Employee type remote-access
tunnel-group Employee webvpn-attributes
  group-alias Employee enable

webvpn
  enable outside
  anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-win-4.7.01076-webdeploy-k9.pkg 1
  anyconnect enable
  tunnel-group-list enable
  
```

Which VPN technology is allowed for users connecting to the Employee tunnel group?

- A. SSL AnyConnect
- B. IKEv2 AnyConnect
- C. crypto map
- D. clientless

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

Refer to the exhibit.

```

Spoke1#
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.1.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  #pkts encaps: 200, #pkts encrypt: 200
  #pkts decaps: 0, #pkts decrypt: 0,
local crypto endpt.: 192.168.1.1,
remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1
  inbound esp sas:
  spi: 034B32CA36 (1261619766)
  outbound esp sas:
  spi:0xD601918E (1760427022)

Spoke2#
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.1.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  #pkts encaps: 210, #pkts encrypt: 210,
  #pkts decaps: 200, #pkts decrypt: 200,
local crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1,
remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.1.1
  inbound esp sas:
  spi: 03D601918E (1760427022)
  outbound esp sas:
  spi: 034BS2CA36 (1261619766)
  
```

An engineer is troubleshooting a new GRE over IPsec tunnel. The tunnel is established but the engineer cannot ping from spoke 1 to spoke 2. Which type of traffic is being blocked?

- A. ESP packets from spoke2 to spoke1
- B. ISAKMP packets from spoke2 to spoke1
- C. ESP packets from spoke1 to spoke2
- D. ISAKMP packets from spoke1 to spoke2

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

Refer to the exhibit.

```
tunnel-group IKEV2 type remote-access
tunnel-group IKEV2 general-attributes
  address-pool split
  default-group-policy GroupPolicy1
tunnel-group IKEV2 webvpn-attributes
  group-alias ikev2 enable

-----

-<HostEntry>
<HostName>ikev2</HostName>
<HostAddress>10.106.45.221</HostAddress>
<UserGroup>ikev2</UserGroup>
<PrimaryProtocol>IPsec</PrimaryProtocol>
</HostEntry>
```

The customer can establish a Cisco AnyConnect connection without using an XML profile. When the host "ikev2" is selected in the AnyConnect drop down, the connection fails. What is the cause of this issue?

- A. The HostName is incorrect.
- B. The IP address is incorrect.
- C. Primary protocol should be SSL.
- D. UserGroup must match connection profile.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://community.cisco.com/t5/security-documents/anyconnect-xml-settings/ta-p/3157891>

NEW QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibit.

```
ISAKMP: (0):beginning Main Mode exchange
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 500 peer_port 500 (I) MM_NO_STATE
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_NO_STATE
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM1 New State = IKE_I_MM2
ISAKMP: (0):found peer pre-shared key matching 192.168.0.8
ISAKMP: (0):local preshared key found
ISAKMP: (0):Checking ISAKMP transform 1 against priority 10 policy
ISAKMP: (0):      encryption AES-CBC
ISAKMP: (0):      keylength of 256
ISAKMP: (0):      hash SHA256
ISAKMP: (0):      default group 14
ISAKMP: (0):      auth pre-share
ISAKMP: (0):      life type in seconds
ISAKMP: (0):      life duration (basic) of 1200
ISAKMP: (0):atts are acceptable. Next payload is 0
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 500 peer_port 500 (I) MM_SA_SETUP
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM2 New State = IKE_I_MM3
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_SA_SETUP
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM3 New State = IKE_I_MM4
ISAKMP: (0):found peer pre-shared key matching 192.168.0.8
ISAKMP: (1005):Old State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM4
ISAKMP: (1005):pre-shared key authentication using id type ID_IPV4_ADDR
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 4500 peer_port 4500 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):Old State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM5
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):phase 1 packet is a duplicate of a previous packet.
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting due to retransmit phase 1
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting phase 1 MM_KEY_EXCH...
ISAKMP: (1005):: incrementing error counter on sa, attempt 1 of 5: retransmit phase 1
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 4500 peer_port 4500 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):phase 1 packet is a duplicate of a previous packet.
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting due to retransmit phase 1
```

A site-to-site tunnel between two sites is not coming up. Based on the debugs, what is the cause of this issue?

- A. An authentication failure occurs on the remote peer.
- B. A certificate fragmentation issue occurs between both sides.
- C. UDP 4500 traffic from the peer does not reach the router.
- D. An authentication failure occurs on the router.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit.

```
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Processing IKE_AUTH message
IKEv2:IPSec policy validate request sent for profile CloudOne with psh index 1.

IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):
IKEv2:(SA ID = 1):[IPsec -> IKEv2] Callback received for the validate proposal - FAILED.

IKEv2-ERROR:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):: There was no IPSEC policy found for received TS
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Sending TS unacceptable notify
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Get my authentication method
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):My authentication method is 'PSK'
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Get peer's preshared key for 68.72.250.251
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Generate my authentication data
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Use preshared key for id 68.72.250.250, key len 5
IKEv2:[IKEv2 -> Crypto Engine] Generate IKEv2 authentication data
IKEv2:[Crypto Engine -> IKEv2] IKEv2 authentication data generation PASSED
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Get my authentication method
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):My authentication method is 'PSK'
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Generating IKE_AUTH message
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Constructing IDr payload: '68.72.250.250' of type 'IPv4 address'
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Building packet for encryption.
Payload contents:
VID IDr AUTH NOTIFY(TS_UNACCEPTABLE)

IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Sending Packet [To 68.72.250.251:500/From 68.72.250.250:500/VRF i0:f0]
Initiator SPI : 3D527B1D50DBEEF4 - Responder SPI : 8C693F77F2656636 Message id: 1
IKEv2 IKE_AUTH Exchange RESPONSE
Payload contents:
ENCR
```

Based on the debug output, which type of mismatch is preventing the VPN from coming up?

- A. interesting traffic
- B. lifetime
- C. preshared key
- D. PFS

Answer: B

Explanation:

If the responder's policy does not allow it to accept any part of the proposed Traffic Selectors, it responds with a TS_UNACCEPTABLE Notify message.

NEW QUESTION 10

What are two functions of ECDH and ECDSA? (Choose two.)

- A. nonrepudiation
- B. revocation
- C. digital signature
- D. key exchange
- E. encryption

Answer: CD

Explanation:

Reference: https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/resources/next_generation_cryptography

NEW QUESTION 15

Refer to the exhibit.

```
crypto isakmp policy 10
  encr aes 256
  hash sha256
  authentication pre-share
  group 14

crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0

crypto ipsec transform-set TS esp-aes 256 esp-sha256-hmac
mode transport

crypto ipsec profile CCNP
set transform-set TS

interface Tunnel1
ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
tunnel destination 172.18.10.2
tunnel protection ipsec profile CCNP
```

Which VPN technology is used in the exhibit?

- A. DVTI
- B. VTI
- C. DMVPN
- D. GRE

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_vpnips/configuration/zZ-Archive/IPsec_Virtual_Tunnel_Interface.html#GUID-EB8C433B-2394-42B9-997F-B40803E58A91

NEW QUESTION 17

Which feature of GETVPN is a limitation of DMVPN and FlexVPN?

- A. sequence numbers that enable scalable replay checking
- B. enabled use of ESP or AH
- C. design for use over public or private WAN
- D. no requirement for an overlay routing protocol

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 19

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